


**Western Carolina UNIVERSITY** 

**“Power” Tools for IR Reporting**

David Onder and Alison Joseph

AIR Annual Forum 2014

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- **10,107 students**
- **Master’s Comprehensive**
- **Mountain location**
- **Residential and Distance**





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**Why Pivot Tables**

- **Summarize large datasets**
- **Quickly add, remove, rearrange elements**
- **(Little to) No formula-writing**
- **Can be a basis for self-service data**
- **Can connect to a refreshable data source**



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### Limitations of Pivot Tables

- Connected to only 1 table
- Formatting not maintained
- Calculated fields need to be created for each Pivot Table
- Can't count the way universities usually want to count



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### Connecting to Data



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### Connecting to Data

- **Wide variety of data sources, including:**
  - Access
  - SQL Server
  - Text files (csv)
  - XML
  - OLEDB
  - Etc.



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## Connecting to Data

- Connects to:
  - Tables
  - Queries



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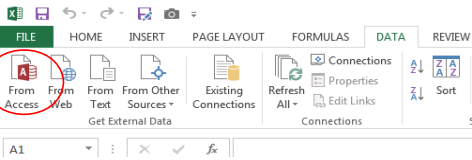
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## Connecting to Data



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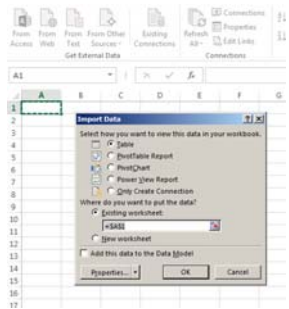
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## Connecting to Data



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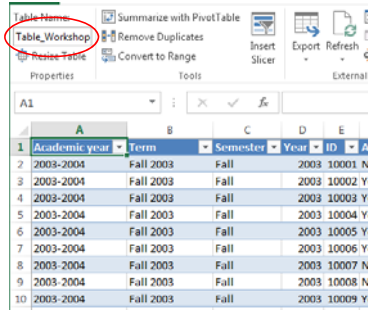
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## Connecting to Data



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## Displaying Data – Pivot Tables

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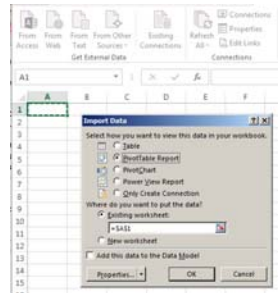
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## Connecting to Data



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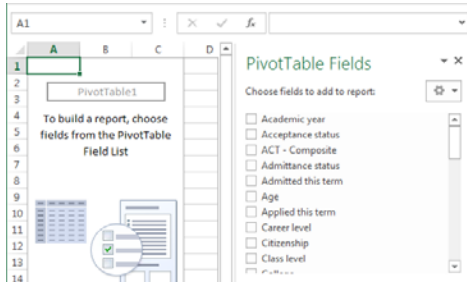
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### Connecting to Data



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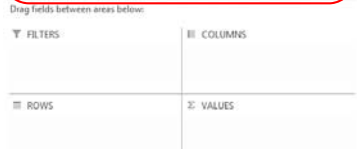
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### Displaying Data – Pivot Tables



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### Displaying Data – Pivot Tables



The screenshot shows a PivotTable with the following data:

Count of ID	Column Labels		
Aerospace Engineering		44	66
Architecture		180	274
Biomedical Research		49	67
Ecosystem Health		56	72



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### Displaying Data – Pivot Tables

Drag fields between areas below:

**FILTERS**  
Semester

**ROWS**  
Program name

Move to Beginning  
Move to End  
Move to Report Filter  
Move to Row Labels  
Move to Column Labels  
Move to Values  
Remove Field  
Value Field Settings...

Sum  
Count  
Average  
Max  
Min  
Product  
Count Numbers  
StdDev  
StdDevp  
Var  
Varp

Sum of ID

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### Displaying Data – Pivot Tables

**ROWS**  
College  
Department  
Program name

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Semester	Fall			
2					
3	Count of ID	Column Labels			
4	Row Labels	2004-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007
5	College of Information Studies	150	189	182	181
6	Information Management	115	154	139	145
7	Information Management	115	154	139	145
8	Library Science	35	41	43	38
9	Library Science	35	43	43	38

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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

New and improved Pivot Tables!

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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

### • Set-up



- Installed with Excel 2013
- Downloadable add-in for Excel 2010
- Not available prior to Excel 2010

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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

### • The Power Pivot environment



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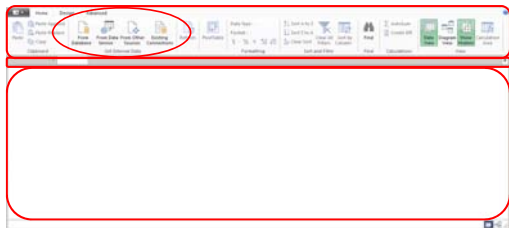
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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

### • The Power Pivot environment



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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- Import data

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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- How the imported data look

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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- Bringing data into Excel

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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

### • PivotTable vs. Power Pivot PivotTable



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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

### • DAX

- Data Analysis Expressions (DAX)
- Formula language for Power Pivot
- Used to create **Calculated Columns** and **Calculated Fields**

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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

### • Calculated Columns

- Used to add an additional column to data table
- Can be a column added from a related table (like a VLOOKUP) or new data, derived from existing data (sum to combined SAT, length of name, substring of longer string, etc.)
- Column can be used in any area of the pivot



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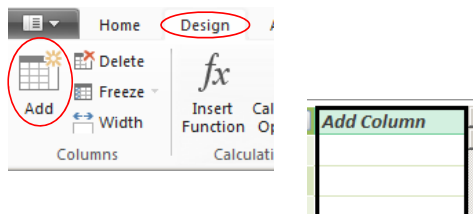
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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- Adding a calculated column



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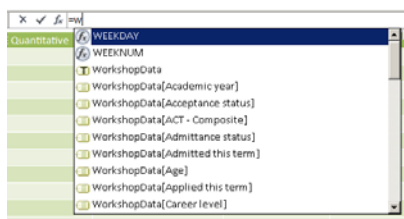
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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- Adding a calculated column



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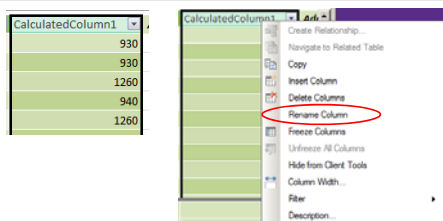
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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- Adding a calculated column

$$=WorkshopData[SAT - Critical reading]+WorkshopData[SAT - Math]$$



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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- Adding a calculated column to pivot table

Column Labels			
Row Labels	2003-2004	2004-2005	2004-2006
College of Information Studies	153	1062.592593	
Information Management	116	1081.188119	
Information Management	116	1081.188119	
Library Science	37	1007.352941	
Library Science	37	1007.352941	
College of Journalism	67	1045.5	
Journalism	67	1045.5	
Journalism	67	1045.5	

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## Evaluation Contexts

- Row context
  
- Filter context

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## Evaluation Contexts

- Row context
  - The one row being evaluated
  - Automatic for calculated columns
  - Can be created in other ways as well (SUMX, AVERAGEX, etc.)
- Filter context

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### Row Context

WorkshopData[SAT - Critical reading]	WorkshopData[SAT - Math]	SAT - Total	AC		
3.13800001144409	3.150000...	540	390	930	
3.17499995231628	3.150000...	540	390	930	
3.53699994087219	4.559999...	520	740	1260	
3.8289999961853	3.25	510	430	940	
3.58999991416931	4.559999...	520	740	1260	
1.94900000095367	3.25	510	430	940	

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### Evaluation Contexts

- Row context
  - The one row being evaluated
  - Automatic for calculated columns
  - Can be created in other ways as well (SUMX, AVERAGEX, etc.)
- Filter context
  - The filters being applied by the pivot table
  - Filters can be explicit or implicit
  - Can add additional filters only with CALCULATE

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### Filter Context

Semester	Column Labels	Row Labels	Count of ID	Average SAT	Cou
Fall	2003-2004	College of Information Studies	153	1062.592593	
		Information Management	116	1081.188119	
		Information Management	116	1081.188119	
		Library Science	37	1007.352941	
		Library Science	37	1007.352941	
		College of Journalism	57	1007.352941	

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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- **Calculated Fields**

- Used to add a calculated element
- Aggregate function that applies to whole table, column, or range
- Something that needs to be recalculated
- Fields can only be used in the VALUES section



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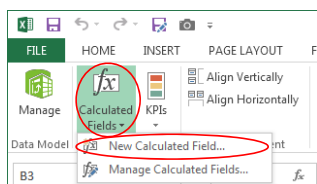
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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- **Adding a Calculated Field**



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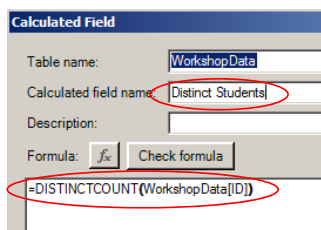
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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- **Adding a Calculated Field**



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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- **Calculated Field in Power Pivot**

2004-2005	Fall 20
2004-2005	Spring
Distinct Students: 5332	

```
=DISTINCTCOUNT(WorkshopData[ID])
```

Term	Semester	Year	ID	Applied this term
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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

### DAX

ALL, ALLEXCEPT, CALCULATE, DISTINCTCOUNT, DIVIDE, FILTER



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## Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- **DISTINCTCOUNT**

DISTINCTCOUNT( <column> )

– Counts unique values in column



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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- Adding a Calculated Field

Row Labels	Count of ID	Distinct Students
College of Information Studies	153	152
Information Management	116	116
Information Management	116	116
Library Science	37	37



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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX CALCULATE

- CALCULATE

CALCULATE( expression, <filter1>, <filter2>... )

- Supercharged SUMIFS
- Allows filtering (IFs) on any aggregate function (imagine “MAXIFS”, “MEDIANIFS”, etc.)
- Operators for filters: =, <, >, <=, >=, <>
- Can also use || in filter on same column



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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX CALCULATE

First-time Freshmen Distinct Students:

```

CALCULATE(
    [Distinct Students],
    WorkshopData[Class Level]="Freshman",
    WorkshopData[Is new student this term]="Yes"
)
    
```



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**Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX CALCULATE**

Column Labels	2003-2004	2003-2004	2003-2004
Row Labels	Distinct Enrolled Students	First-time Freshmen Distinct Students	First-time Freshmen Distinct Students
Aerospace Engineering	44	10	10
Freshman	12	10	10
No	2	10	10
Yes	10	10	10
Sophomore	15	10	10
No	12	10	10
Yes	3	10	10
Junior	9	10	10
No	6	10	10



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**Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX ALL**

- ALL

ALL( table\_or\_column, <column1>, <column2>, ...)

– Returns all the rows in a table, or all the values in a column, removing any filters that might have been applied



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**Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX ALL**

```
All Distinct Enrolled Students: =
CALCULATE(
    [Distinct Enrolled Students],
    ALL( WorkshopData[Class Level] )
)
```



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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX ALL

2009-2010	Distinct Enrolled Students	All Distinct Enrolled Students
<b>Aerospace Engineering</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>107</b>
Freshman	18	107
Sophomore	13	107
Junior	37	107
Senior	39	107
<b>Architecture</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>276</b>
Freshman	48	276

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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX ALL

% of All Distinct Enrolled Students: =  
 DIVIDE([Distinct Enrolled Students],  
 [All Distinct Enrolled Students] )

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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot

- DIVIDE**

DIVIDE( <num>, <den>, [<alt>] )

- “Safe” divide
- Can specify alternate result for divide by zero

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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX FILTER

Column Labels	2003-2004 Distinct Enrolled Students	% Above Average GPA Enrolled Undergraduates	2004- Distinct
College of Information Studies	152	42.11 %	
Information Management	116	44.83 %	
Information Management	116	44.83 %	
Library Science	37	32.43 %	
Library Science	37	32.43 %	
College of Journalism	66	45.45 %	
Journalism	66	45.45 %	
Journalism	66	45.45 %	

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### Displaying Data – Power Pivot: DAX FILTER

- ALLEXCEPT

ALLEXCEPT( <table>, <column>[, <column>...])

– Similar to ALL function, but excludes the column(s) specified from the ALL

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### Displaying Data – Power Map & Power View

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

- **Power Map**

- Automated way to map geographic data
- Doesn't require geo-location information like longitude and latitude (just country, state, or county names)
- Can add elements to look at aggregate function on variables across physical space

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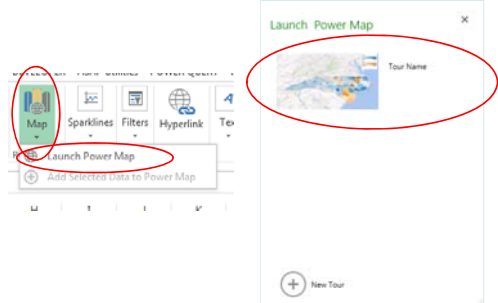
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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View



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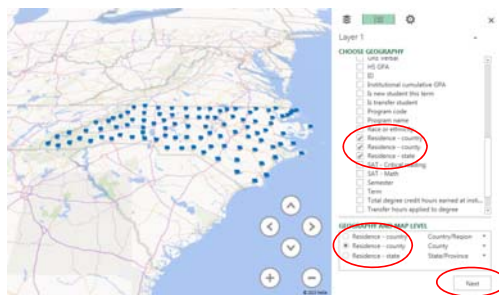
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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View



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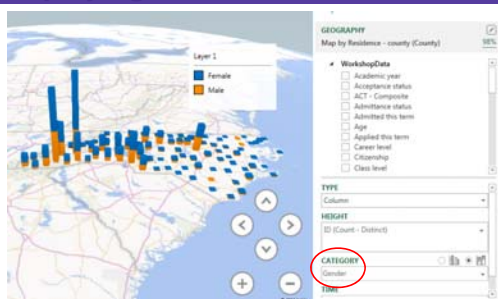
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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View



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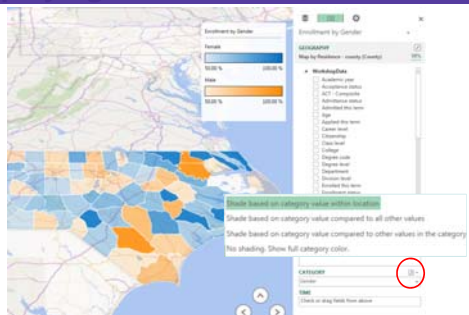
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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View



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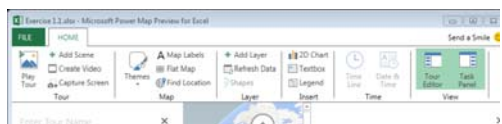
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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View



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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

- **Power View**

- Dashboard builder
- Allows synchronized filtering
- Bring together tables, graphs, maps

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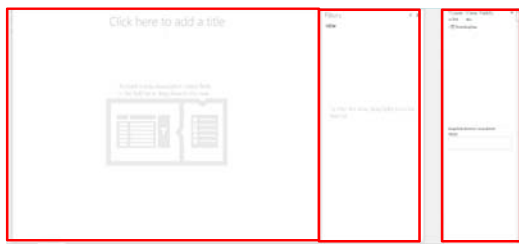
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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View



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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

#### Power View Fields

ACTIVE | ALL

WorkshopData

- Academic year
- Acceptance status
- ACT - Composite
- Admittance status
- Admitted this term
- Age
- Applied this term
- Career level
- Citizenship

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

Residence - county  
Alamance  
Alexander  
Alleghany  
Anson  
Ashe  
Avery  
Beaufort  
Bertie

Power View Fields  
ACTIVE ALL  
 Institutional cumulative GPA  
 Is new student this term  
 Is transfer student  
 Program code  
 Program name  
 Race or ethnicity  
 Residence - county  
 Residence - state  
 SAT - Critical reading  
 SAT - Math

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

Count of ID

Residence - county

LONGITUDE

LATITUDE

COLOR

VERTICAL MULTIPLES

Remove Field  
Sum  
Average  
Minimum  
Maximum  
Count (Not Blank)  
 Count (Distinct)

71

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

ID by Residence - county

WEST VIRGINIA

VIRGINIA

SOUTH CAROLINA

GEORGIA

FLORIDA

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

Drag fields between areas below:

TITLE BY

SIZE

# Count of ID

LOCATIONS

Residence - county

LONGITUDE

LATITUDE

COLOR

Gender

VERTICAL MULTIPLES

HORIZONTAL MULTIPLES

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

Count of ID by Residence - county, and Gender

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

College	Count of ID
College of Information Studies	1,301
College of Journalism	516
College of Veterinary Medicine	3,061
No college	2,150
School of Architecture	1,783
School of Engineering	658
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,332</b>

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

The screenshot shows a Power View interface with a 'Filters' pane on the left. The 'Academic year' filter is selected and circled in red. Below it, a list of years from 2003-2004 to 2013-2014 is visible, with '2013-2014' selected. On the right, a list of fields is shown, with 'Academic year' also circled in red. The Western Carolina University logo is in the bottom right corner.

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

The screenshot shows a Power Map titled 'Count of ID by Residence - county, and Gender'. The map displays data points for various counties in North Carolina, with a red circle highlighting the 'Caldwell' county. A table on the right shows the count of IDs by college and gender:

College	Count of ID
College of Information Studies	154
College of Journalism	34
College of Veterinary Medicine	611
No college	35
School of Architecture	181
School of Engineering	91
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,100</b>

The Western Carolina University logo is in the bottom right corner.

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### Displaying Data – Power Map and Power View

The screenshot shows a Power Map titled 'Count of ID by Residence - county, and Gender'. The map displays data points for various counties in North Carolina, with a red circle highlighting the 'Caldwell' county. A table on the right shows the count of IDs by college and gender, with 'College of Veterinary Medicine' and 'Total' circled in red:

College	Count of ID
College of Information Studies	154
College of Journalism	34
College of Veterinary Medicine	611
No college	35
School of Architecture	181
School of Engineering	91
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,100</b>

The Western Carolina University logo is in the bottom right corner.

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# Power Query – Advanced



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## Power Query – Advanced

- Retrieve data from a variety of external sources
  - Pull in external data from the Internet
- Limit the data you bring into your model (filter on rows and columns)
  - Keep you model to a reasonable size (< 1M records) to prevent processing problems
  - Bring in only what you need



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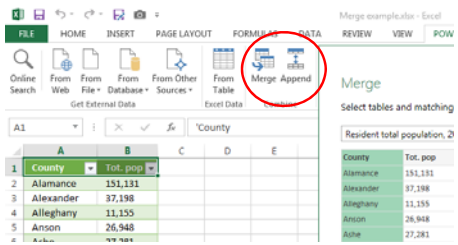
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## Power Query – Advanced

- Consolidate multiple tables into one



County	Tot. pop.
Alamance	151,131
Alexander	37,198
Alleghany	11,155
Anson	26,948
Ashe	27,281



81

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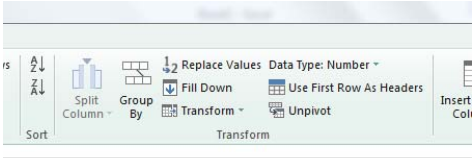
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### Power Query – Advanced

- Consolidate multiple tables into one
- **In-line data transformations**



82




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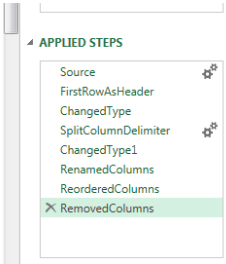
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### Power Query – Advanced

- Consolidate multiple tables into one
- In-line data transformations
- **All transformation steps are listed, and reversible**



83




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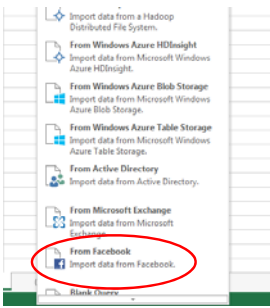
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### Power Query – Advanced

- Consolidate multiple tables into one
- In-line data transformations
- All transformation steps are listed, and reversible
- **Access to sources of data not readily available to Power Pivot**



84




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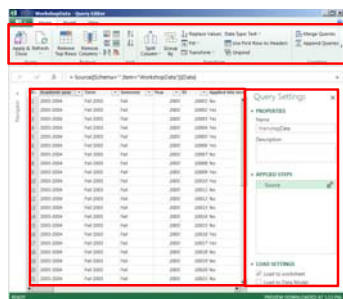
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### Power Query – Advanced



91



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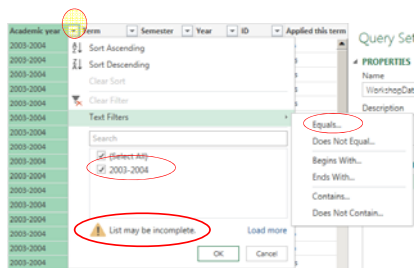
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### Power Query – Advanced



92



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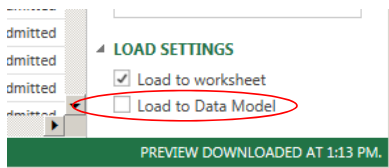
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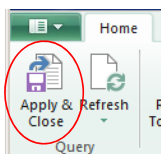
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### Power Query – Advanced



93



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## Resources

- **Rob Collie** (<http://powerpivotpro>)  
– DAX Formulas for PowerPivot, 2013
- **Bill Jelen** (<http://mrexcel.com>)  
– PowerPivot for the Data Analyst: Microsoft Excel 2010, 2010
- **Alberto Ferrari and Marco Russo**  
– Microsoft Excel 2013: Building Data Models with PowerPivot
- **Chris Webb** (<http://cwebbwi.wordpress.com>)
- **Kasper de Jonge** (<http://www.powerpivotblog.nl>)
- **Purna Duggirala** (<http://www.chandoo.org/>)



94



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## Contact Information

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With the help of Tim Metz, Elizabeth Snyder, Billy Hutchings, and Henson Sturgill

95



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