What is a Cost of Attendance (COA) Budget?
A cost of attendance budget is an estimate of costs associated with going to college. Your COA will show on your Award and Cost Summary.

What’s included in my COA?
Your cost of attendance budget is made up of two different types of costs: direct and indirect.

- **Direct costs** are items that will appear on your WCU bill, such as tuition, fees, and room and board (if you live on campus).
- **Indirect costs** will not appear on your bill, but are estimated costs associated with going to college and should be included in your budget. These include items like books, transportation and personal expenses.

Here’s an example...
A typical, in-state, undergraduate student living on campus and taking a full class load has the following cost of attendance budget for the 2021-2022 school year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Direct Costs</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tuition</td>
<td>$1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees</td>
<td>$3,367</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room</td>
<td>$6,710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meal Allowance</td>
<td>$4,387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$15,464</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indirect Costs</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Books &amp; Supplies</td>
<td>$371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation Expenses</td>
<td>$1,335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Expenses</td>
<td>$1,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Loan Fees</td>
<td>$61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$3,364</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cost of Attendance Budget**  
$18,828

For more information on NC Promise and Financial Aid, go to our website at finaid.wcu.edu.
# Federal and State Grant Programs

Grants are funds which *do not* have to be repaid

## Program Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Program</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Federal Pell Grant | - Awarded to undergraduate students who have exceptional financial need, as determined by the FAFSA, and who have not earned a bachelor’s or graduate degree  
- Federal Pell Grant lifetime eligibility is limited to 12 semesters or the equivalent |
| WCU Grant | - Awarded to students with need  
- Award dependent on availability of funds |
| Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG) | - Awarded to undergraduate students, enrolled full-time, who have exceptional financial need and who have not earned a bachelor’s or graduate degree  
- Federal Pell Grant recipients, with a 0 EFC (Expected Family Contribution), receive priority  
- Award dependent on availability of funds |
| NC Tuition Grant | - Awarded to undergraduate students, enrolled full-time, who have exceptional financial need and who have not earned a bachelor’s or graduate degree  
- Federal Pell Grant recipients receive priority  
- Awarded to NC Residents only  
- Award dependent on availability of funds  
- To establish and retain eligibility for North Carolina State grants, students must obtain and maintain North Carolina residency, as determined by the state of North Carolina  
- Award amount subject to change based on eligibility |
| First-Year Transition Grant | - Awarded to first-year freshman, non pell eligible students that have need based on EFC (as determined by FAFSA)  
- Award amounts dependent upon availability of funds  
- Awarded to students who have submitted the FAFSA in a timely manner  
- Awarded in accordance with WCU’s mission, classification and institutional goals  
- Awarded for one academic year to assist with college transition costs |
Federal and State Grant Programs

Grant Programs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| University of North Carolina Need Based Grant | - Awarded to students with need  
- Awarded to NC Residents attending one of the 16 constituent institutions of UNC  
- Award is based on EFC (as determined by FAFSA)  
- Award dependent on availability of funds  
- Lifetime eligibility is limited to 10 semesters or the equivalent  
- To establish and retain eligibility for North Carolina State grants, students must obtain and maintain North Carolina residency, as determined by the state of North Carolina  
- Award amount subject to change based on eligibility |
| North Carolina Education Lottery Scholarship | - Award is based on EFC less than $6000 (as determined by FAFSA)  
- Awarded to NC residents only  
- To establish and retain eligibility for North Carolina State grants, students must obtain and maintain North Carolina residency, as determined by the state of North Carolina  
- Award amount subject to change based on eligibility |
| Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant           | You may be eligible for the Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant if:  
- You are not eligible for a Federal Pell Grant on the basis of your Expected Family Contribution (EFC) but  
- Meet the remaining Federal Pell Grant eligibility requirements, and  
- Your parent or guardian was a member of the U.S. armed forces and died as a result of military service performed in Iraq or Afghanistan after the events of 9/11, and  
- You were under 24 years old or enrolled in college at least part-time at the time of your parent’s or guardian’s death |
| Children of Fallen Heroes Grant              | You may be eligible for the Children of Fallen Heroes Grant if:  
- You were under the age of 24 and enrolled in a higher education program at the time of a parent/guardian death  
- Parent/guardian was either a fire fighter, police officer, member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew, an employee of a state, local or tribal emergency management or civil defense agency, an employee of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), an individual serving a public agency in an official capacity, such as a law enforcement officer, fire fighter, or chaplain  
- You are eligible for a Federal Pell Grant on the basis of your Expected Family Contribution (EFC) |
Federal Self-Help Aid

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Self-Help Programs</th>
<th>Self-Help Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Federal Work Study | • Awarded to students with need  
|                    | • Students should answer ‘yes’ to the question on the FAFSA that asks ‘Are you interested in Work Study?’ to be considered  
|                    | • If a student is not awarded Federal Work Study in their financial aid package, please contact the Financial Aid Office to be placed on the wait list  
|                    | • Award dependent on availability of funds |
Federal Student Loan Programs

Will you need a loan to attend college?
If so, think federal aid first. Federal student loans usually offer borrowers lower interest rates and have more flexible repayment terms and options than private student loans.

1. What is a federal student loan?
   - Federal loans are borrowed funds that you must repay with interest.
   - A federal student loan allows students and their parents to borrow money to help pay for college through loan programs supported by the federal government.
   - They have low interest rates and offer flexible repayment terms, benefits, and options.

2. What is a private student loan?
   - A private student loan is a nonfederal loan issued by a lender such as a bank or credit union.

3. Why are federal student loans a better option for paying for college?
   Federal student loans offer borrowers many benefits not typically found in private loans. These include:
   - Low fixed interest rates
   - Income-based repayment plans
   -Cancellation for certain employment
   -Deferment (postponement) options, including deferment of loan payments when a student returns to school.
   - Private loans usually require a credit check

   For these reasons, students and parents should always exhaust federal student loan options before considering a private loan.

4. How much should I borrow?
   Consider the earnings potential in your chosen profession to determine how easily you can repay your debt. You can find career salary estimates at the U.S. Department of Labor’s Occupational Outlook Handbook at bls.gov/ooh. Your student loan payments should be only a small percentage of your salary after you graduate, so it’s important not to borrow more than you need for your school-related expenses.
# Available Federal Student Loans

## Federal Loan Details

### Direct Subsidized Loan
- For undergraduate students who demonstrate financial need
- For loan interest rates go to [https://studentaid.ed.gov/types/loans/interest-rates](https://studentaid.ed.gov/types/loans/interest-rates)
- The U.S. Department of Education pays the interest on a Direct Subsidized Loan while you’re in school at least half-time, for the first six months after you leave school (referred to as a grace period*), and during a period of deferment (a postponement of loan payments).
- The U.S. Department of Education (ED) is the lender; payment is owed to ED

### Direct Unsubsidized Loan
- For undergraduate and graduate students; financial need is not required
- For loan interest rates go to [https://studentaid.ed.gov/types/loans/interest-rates](https://studentaid.ed.gov/types/loans/interest-rates)
- Student is responsible for interest during all periods
- The U.S. Department of Education (ED) is the lender; payment is owed to ED

### Direct PLUS Loan
- For parents of dependent undergraduate students and for graduate or professional students, financial need is not required
- Student must be either a dependent undergraduate student for whom a parent is taking out a Direct PLUS Loan or a graduate or professional student who is receiving a Direct Graduate PLUS Loan
- For loan interest rates go to [https://studentaid.ed.gov/types/loans/interest-rates](https://studentaid.ed.gov/types/loans/interest-rates)
- A credit check is required and borrower must not have negative credit history
- Borrower is responsible for interest during all periods
- The U.S. Department of Education (ED) is the lender; payment is owed to ED

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**8am–5pm Mon.–Thu.**
**9am–5pm Friday**

**Email:** finaid@wcu.edu
**Phone:** 828-227-7290

[WCUFinancialAid](http://WCUFinancialAid)